

Full score

Sad-Sweet

music by Sheena Phillips

1. O Lilie Fair (lyrics by Elizabeth Melville)
solo soprano, theorbo
duration c. 2m45s
2. In Sweet Dream (lyrics by Mary Sidney Herbert)
soprano recorder, four sopranos
duration c. 4m00s

commissioned by Philomel, dir. Janet Oates, for a concert in celebration of St Cecilia's Day, 2018

perusal score – not for rehearsal or performance

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Programme note

This pair of pieces, written for the London ensemble Philomel, explores the overlap between ‘sweet’ and ‘sad’ music. The mythical Philomela was turned into a nightingale, whose song is variously described as joyful and melancholy, and *Sad-Sweet* uses two bitter-sweet texts, both by women writing in the late 16th and early 17th centuries.

O Lilie Fair, for theorbo and solo soprano, is based on a single stanza by Elizabeth Melville (c. 1578 – c. 1640), part of a long poem in which she expresses passionate yearning for Christ at the same time as lamenting her distance from him, using imagery from the *Song of Songs*. Melville was a Scottish noblewoman, a devout Protestant and a prolific poet.

In Sweet Dream, for soprano recorder and four soprano voices, is based on a single stanza by Mary Sidney Herbert (1561 – 1621), part of a longer poem which mourns her beloved brother Philip Sidney while also seeking solace in imagining him in heaven, lulled by birdsong. Herbert was an English noblewoman and is known for her translation of many of the psalms.

Both pieces encode various words into notes. In the first, the theorbo bass line spells out ‘O Lord of Love’ (using the notes that this phrase would spell out on an imaginary keyboard extended beyond the usual A – G), while the singer’s notes are drawn from a transcription of the poem itself. In the second, there are encodings of ‘Philip Sidney’, ‘sweet dreams’, ‘angel’, ‘beauties’, ‘lull’ and ‘delight’ – and the recorder also plays motifs based on recordings of nightingale song.

Sheena Phillips

1. O lylie fair

O lylie fair O rubie rose, O rose
That spreids so faire in Sharon feild
O flowre of flowres thou art my choise, my choise
Thy savour sweet doth comfort yeeld
O fertile tree whose fruit is fair
Whose branches bow most fresche and fair
Whose apples hings in store
Beneath one branch in shade so sweet
I long to rest my wearie spirit
The sun has scoarched me sore
O let me lay beneath that tree
The smell so sweet doth quicken me.

Elizabeth Melville

(from Loves Lament for Christs Absence, published in *Poems of Elizabeth Melville, Lady Culross*, ed. Jamie Reid Baxter, Solsequeum, Edinburgh, 2010)

Used with permission from Jamie Reid Baxter

Pronunciation guide

Please perform this piece in a Scottish accent. The words as spelled in the late 17th century manuscript source of this early 17th century poem look much more English than they would have sounded.

IPA transcription:

o: lili fe:rr o: rubi ro:z o: ro:z
ðat spri:dz se fe:rr in she:ren fi:ld
o: flu:ṛ ov flu:ṛz ðu: eṛt mæi tʃo:s, mæi tʃo:s
ðæi se:vər swi:t dʌθ kʌmfɔṛt yi:ld
o: fɛṛtæil ṭṛi: hwez frø:t ɪz fe:rr
hwez bṛanchəz bu: mest frɛʃ and fe:rr
hwez epəlz haŋz in stɔ:ṛ
bini:θ ʌ brants in se:d se swi:t
æi la:ŋ te re:st mæi wi:ṛi spri:t
ðə sʌn haz skɔṛtʃd mi so:ṛ
o: lat mi le: bini:θ ðat ṭṛi:
ðə smel se swi:t dʌθ kwikən mi:

Transcribed into IPA from a voice recording by Jamie Reid Baxter

[Link](#) to a recording of the pronunciation

Alternatively, paste the following URL into your browser:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1WXUpbtXXBNL61-UNpp2R7gUif03w2EX_/view?usp=sharing

Score

Sad-Sweet

1. O Lilie Fair

Soprano solo, theorbo

Elizabeth Melville

Sheena Phillips

Theorbo tuning (from top): a e b g d A G || F E D C B, A, G,

Lento rubato (c. $\bullet = 60$)

Soprano

Theorbo mp dolce

S mp ardente mf 5 O li - lie fair mp 0 ru - bie

Th. mf

S mf p 8 rose, O rose That spreids so

Th. mf p

O Lylie Fair

mf

Soprano (S) and Bassoon (Th.) parts for measures 11-13. The vocal line "faire in Sha - ron feild" is followed by a bassoon solo section labeled "cantando". The bassoon part ends with a dynamic of *mf*.

mf

14

Soprano (S) and Bassoon (Th.) parts for measures 14-16. The vocal line "flowre of flowres" is followed by a bassoon solo section labeled "brillante dolce brillante dolce". The bassoon part ends with a dynamic of *mf*.

mp

16

Soprano (S) and Bassoon (Th.) parts for measures 16-18. The vocal line "art my choise, my choise" is followed by a bassoon solo section labeled "dolce". The bassoon part ends with a dynamic of *mp*.

f

20

Soprano (S) and Bassoon (Th.) parts for measures 20-22. The vocal line "sa - vour sweet doth com - fort yeeld" is followed by a bassoon solo section. The bassoon part ends with a dynamic of *f*.

O Lylie Fair

3

23 *appassionato*

S fer - tile tree _____ whose fruit _____ is ___ fair _____ Whose branch - es

Th. *dolce* *brillante* *sim.*

26

S bow ____ most fresche _____ and fair _____

Th. *brill.* *caldo*

mf

28 *mp dolce*

S Whose ap - ples hings _____ in store _____

Th. *languido*

mp

31

S Be - beneath one branch in _____ unmeasured delicate tremolo strum

Th. *dolce* *p* *pp*

O Lylie Fair

34

S shade _____ so _____ sweet _____ I long _____ to

Th. espress.

37

S rest _____ my wea - rie spi-rit _____ The sun _____ has

Th. brill. f

40

S scoarched _____ me _____ sore _____

Th. 6

42

S

Th. p 6 mf > mp

O Lylie Fair

5

44 *mf languido*

Soprano (S) vocal line: O let me lay _____ be -neath that tree _____ The smell so_____. Measures 44-45.

Th. (Theremin) accompaniment: *mf dolce* (measures 44-45), *p* (measure 46).

Percussion: *p* (measure 46).

47 *p*

Soprano (S) vocal line: sweet _____ doth quick-en, doth quick-en me, _____ doth

Th. (Theremin) accompaniment: *dolce*, *brill.*, *caldo*, *p* (measures 47-48).

50 *mf*

Soprano (S) vocal line: quick-en, doth quick-en me. _____

Th. (Theremin) accompaniment: *brill.*, *caldo*, *brill.*, *mf*, *p* (measures 50-51).

2. In sweet dream

There thousand birds all of celestial brood,
To him do sweetly carol day and night:
And with strange notes, of him well understood,
Lull him asleep in angel-like delight;
Whilst in sweet dream to him presented be
Immortal beauties, which no eye may see.

Mary Sidney Herbert (1561 – 1621)

from *The Doleful Lay of Clorinda*, written to commemorate Philip Sidney

Notation and performance instructions

The recorder plays at a different (quicker) tempo than the singers throughout, so its part does not line up accurately in the score except at points where the recorder is cued. The conductor should beat time for the singers (except in the senza misura / ‘free canon’ sections, where they each sing independently) and cue the recorder as marked.

For the first two pages of the full score, all four voices share one stave and perform the same material independently.

Free canon (bar 16 and letter A) – the voices enter in sequence (in pre-agreed order), no more than about 4 beats apart at the singer tempo of crotchet = 88

Rest in brackets – rest of indeterminate length

Tremolo articulation for singers (bar 46 etc.) – trill or roll the ‘r’.

Individual rubato (bar 52) – the conductor should beat the pattern indicated by the time signatures in steady tempo but the singers can take liberties locally.

Recorder trills – trill for the length of the note with the trill articulation above it.

Staging – I think this piece would work well with the performers surrounding the audience or at least separated as much as possible. Depending on the venue and sound balance, it might work for the recorder player to be either offstage, invisible, or at the back of the hall (somewhat less visible, but at least audible!).

Score

Sad-Sweet

2. In Sweet Dream

Mary Sidney Herbert

Four soprano voices, soprano recorder

Sheena Phillips

Moderato rubato

recorder tempo c. $\text{♩} = 100$

($\text{♪}=\text{♩}$) equal quavers throughout piece

Soprano Recorder

Measures 1-2 for Soprano Recorder. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure consists of a sixteenth-note pattern followed by a rest. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note. The dynamic is *mf* and the performance style is *dolce, leggiero*.

Soprano 1

Measures 1-2 for Soprano 1. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure has a single eighth note. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note.

Soprano 2

Measures 1-2 for Soprano 2. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure has a single eighth note. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note.

Soprano 3

Measures 1-2 for Soprano 3. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure has a single eighth note. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note.

Soprano 4

Measures 1-2 for Soprano 4. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure has a single eighth note. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note.

S. Rec.

Measures 5-6 for Soprano Recorder. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure has a single eighth note. The second measure begins with a sixteenth-note pattern, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note. Measure 6 starts with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note.

S. Rec.

Measures 10-11 for Soprano Recorder. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure begins with a sixteenth-note pattern, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note. Measure 11 starts with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note. Dynamics include *p* and *mf*.

senza misura

sweet, eager

S. Rec.

Measures 15-16 for Soprano Recorder. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure has a single eighth note. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note. The dynamic is *mf*. The instruction "all voices in free canon (see notes)" is present.

voices

Measures 15-16 for Voices. The music is in common time (4/4). The first measure has a single eighth note. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note, followed by a eighth note, then a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a sixteenth note. The lyrics "There thou - sand birds all of ce - les - tial brood" are written below the notes.

In Sweet Dream

19
S. Rec.
voices

To him do sweet - ly ca - rol day and night: ooh, ru,

(cue recorder as the last voice reaches 'night', bar 21)
recorder sempre c. $\text{♩} = 100$ (independently)

24
S. Rec.
voices

cu,
go to A and wait for cue

A (cue voices when recorder finishes bar 29)

S. Rec.
voices

free canon
 p
And with strange notes, of him well un - der - stood, Lull him a -

33
S. Rec.
voices

sleep in an - gel - like de - light; There, there,
wait for cue (cue recorder as the last voice reaches 'lull', bar 32)
 p [singers: wait for recorder entry]

37
S. Rec.
voices

mm...
go to B

3

(cue when recorder finishes bar 41)

B tempo misura, sereno

(♩ = c. 88)

S. Rec.

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

p

cu ru,

cu,

cu ru,

cu, ru,

cu ru,

cu ru,

(roll the 'r')

(roll the 'r')

48

S. Rec.

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

mf

Whilst in sweet dream, in sweet dream,

cu,

cu ru, cu, ru,

cu, cu ru, cu ru,

cue recorder
recorder sempre c. ♩ = 100

individual rubato

cue recorder with S1

wait for cue

S. Rec.

52

cue recorder with S1

wait for cue

p (roll the 'r')

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

sweet
dream,
mf
sweet
dream,
mf
ru,
sweet
dream,
mf
ru,
cu ru, in sweet dream,
dream,

cue recorder with S1

wait for cue

S. Rec.

57

wait for cue

(roll the 'r')

p

mf

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

cu,
ru,
in sweet
(roll the 'r')
cu
ru,
cu cu ru cu,
cu cu cu,
cu cu cu,
li-u cu ru cu,
sweet

cue recorder with S1

S. Rec.

61

p

p

mf

S 1

dream, ru, to

S 2

dream, tu tu tu tu tu,

S 3

ru, cu cu ru, cu cu ru cu, cu cu ru cu,

S 4

dream, cu, tu,

wait for cue

cue letter C

C in tempo pressing forwards
(singer tempo c. $\text{♩} = 88$)

wait for cue

S. Rec.

mf

with the beat

S 1

him, with the beat to him, to him pre - sent - ed be Im -

S 2

ru, with the beat to him, to him to him pre -

S 3

tu with the beat to him,

S 4

ru, li - u cu cu, li - u cu cu, to

cue recorder

relaxing again

cue recorder

S. Rec.

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

mor - tal beau - ties, Im - mor - tal beau - ties.

sent-ed be Im - mor - tal beau - ties, Im - mor - tal beau -

to him pre-sent-ed be Im - mor - tal beau - ties, Im -

him, to him pre-sent-ed be Im - mor - tal beau - ties,

tempo primo
(singer tempo c. $\text{♩} = 88$)

cue recorder

let recorder pitch destabilise as volume drops

wait for cue

S. Rec.

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

wait for cue

Beau - ties which no eye may see.

ties.

mor - tal beau - ties.

Im - mor - beau - ties.

D cue recorder (recorder sempre c. $\text{♩} = 100$)

S. Rec.

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

E

82

S. Rec.

S 1

S 2

S 3

S 4

ru,

thou-sand birds

cu,

birds,

There,

ru,

In Sweet Dream

cue recorder

88

S. Rec. wait for cue | *tr* | cue recorder | wait for cue

S 1 *p*
there, cu cu - ru, cu - ru,

S 2 *mp*
ru, ru,

S 3 *mf*
all of ce - les - tial brood To him,

S 4 *p*
there, To him do sweet - ly ca - rol,

cue recorder

92

S. Rec. | *tr* | cue recorder | cue recorder | wait for cue | *tr*

S 1 *mp*
there, | *mf* *leggiero* | there, | *p* | ru,

S 2 | ca - rol | day and night.. |

S 3 | *mp* | to him, | *p* | ru,

S 4 | li - u cu ru cu,